

Division KS1

EYFS	Reception: ELG 2018 Numbers to 20: place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number Using quantities and objects, they add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer They solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing. Exceeding: Estimation and checking quantities by counting up to 20 Combining groups of 2, 5 or 10 or sharing into equal groups			
Year	1	2		
Appendix 1a Beck's Tiers of Vocabulary Appendix 1b: Vocabulary book	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): count in ones, twos tens share, groups of, equal groups odd, even Instructional vocabulary: count out, share out, left, left over	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): share, share equally one each, two each, three each group in pairs, threes tens equal groups of ÷, divide, divided by, divided into left, left over Instructional vocabulary: tell me, describe, name, pick out, discuss, talk about, explain, explain your method, explain how you got your answer, give an example of show how you		
NC 2014	solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.	Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs.		
	Concrete, pictorial, abstract	Concrete, pictorial, abstract		



Developing Conceptual/ Procedural Understanding

Essential

Grouping/Sharing models

Using practical contexts and crosscurricular links (PE) such as socks and shoes; animals in the ark to get into groups.

Sharing models such as sharing pieces of fruit.

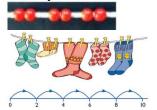
Sharing into equal groups 6 frogs shared equally between 2 lily pads gives 3 frogs on each lily pad or

Grouping in equal groups 6 frogs grouped in 2s need 3 lily pads to sit on



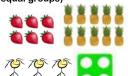


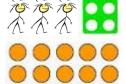
GROUPING ITP
How many twos?



Arrays

(rectangular arrangements to show equal groups)





Decision making

How many cars can you make if you have 8 wheels?



How many different ways can you arrange 12 buttons in equal groups?

Halves up to 10



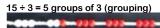
Grouping/Sharing models

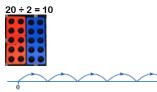


Division KS1

15 frogs shared equally between three lily pads 15 ÷3 = 5

15 frogs grouped in 5s need 3 lily pads to sit on $15 \div 5 = 3$

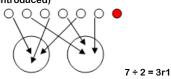




5 hops in 15. How big is each hop?

There are 7 cakes and 2 children. How many cakes will they get each? (Leftovers/remainders introduced)

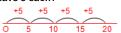
Division facts (2 x table)



Arrays representing the dividend



There are 20 sweets in a bag. How many children can have 5 each?



Repeated subtraction (from a given quantity)



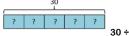
Links to tables



Use language of division linked to tables using counting stick

Representing problems

Jane has 30 cakes. She wants to share them equally between 5 boxes. How many cakes should go in each box?



30 ÷ 5 = 6

Halves up to 20

Number of cakes in each box = 6

Count back in 2s

Recall and use x and \div facts for the 2, 5 and 10 x tables, including recognising odd and even numbers.

Knowledge	Count back in 10s	Halve multiples of 10	Division facts (10 x table)	Review division facts (2 x, 5 x, 10 x
				tables)
	Count back in 5s	How many 2s? 5s?	Division facts (5 x table)	Count back in 3s
		10s?		
Tests of	All even numbers will divide by 2		All numbers ending in 0 will divide by 10	All numbers ending in 5 and 0 will
divisibility				divide by 5